

# Cannon Hill Office Trust

Annual Financial Report 30 June 2023

ARSN 618 676 074

Issued by Trilogy Funds Management Limited in its capacity as Responsible Entity



## A Message from the Non-Executive Chairman

Thank you for your continued support. As we look back on the past year at Trilogy Funds, we are pleased to share the significant milestones that have shaped our journey.

This year, we welcomed three new Executive Directors to our Board. These include Justin Smart, who serves as Trilogy Funds Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer; Clinton Arentz, our Executive Director for Lending and Property Assets; and Henry Elgood, our Executive Director for Institutional Capital and Chief Risk Officer. All three have held senior leadership positions with Trilogy Funds for a long time.

A highlight this year was the naming of the Trilogy Industrial Property Trust as the 2023 Fund Manager of the Year in the Direct Property category by the Financial Newswire and SQM Research Awards. In addition, the Trust was recognised by Livewire at the end of 2022 as one of the top performers in its category, and with Ryan Mooney, Manager- Property Funds, winning the 2023 Rising Star of the Year award at the Money Management Australia Fund Manager of the Year Awards.

In terms of our other products, we have broadened our offering by introducing the MDC Trilogy Wholesale Yield Fund I. This fund provides investors with exposure to rent rolls through the issuance of secured notes. Our flagship open-ended funds continue to perform as expected and have been recognised by independent research houses and industry peers.

As we move into the new financial year, we are optimistic and focused on seizing opportunities. We remain committed to helping you achieve your financial goals.

**Robert Willcocks** 

Independent Non-Executive Chairman Trilogy Funds Management Limited

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The Directors of Trilogy Funds Management Limited (Responsible Entity), the Responsible Entity of the Cannon Hill Office Trust (Scheme), present their report together with the financial statements of the Scheme for the year ended 30 June 2023.

## **Responsible Entity**

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity and the Scheme is Level 26, 10 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD, 4000.

#### Directors

The names of the directors in office at any time during, or since the end of the period are:

Name and qualifications Robert M Willcocks Independent Non-Executive Chairman BA, LL.B, LL.M	<b>Age</b> 74	Experience and special responsibilities  Member of the Audit & Risk Committee  Former partner with Mallesons Stephen Jaques (now King & Wood Mallesons)  Mr Willcocks has been a non-executive director (sometimes Chairman) of a number of listed companies  Chairman - Responsible Entity since 9 October 2009
Rodger I Bacon Non-Executive Deputy Chairman BCom(Merit), AICD, SFFin	77	Member of the Audit & Risk Committee Former executive director of Challenger International Limited Mr Bacon is a former director of several companies including, Financial Services Institute of Australasia Director – Responsible Entity until 30 June 2023 Non-Executive Director - Responsible Entity since 30 June 2023
John C Barry Executive Director BA, FCA	71	Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee Former executive director of Challenger International Limited Mr Barry is a director of several companies, including former Chairman of Westpac RE Limited Director – Responsible Entity since 9 July 2004
Philip A Ryan Executive Director and Company Secretary LL.B, Grad Dip Leg Prac, FTIA, FFIN	62	Member of the Compliance Committee Mr Ryan is a solicitor and member of the Queensland Law Society Inc. Former partner of a Brisbane law firm Mr Ryan is a director of several companies Director – Responsible Entity since 13 October 1997
Rohan C Butcher Non-Executive Director Grad Dip PM, BASc(QS), Registered Builder, Licensed Real Estate Agent	54	Member of the Audit & Risk Committee Member of the Lending Committee Consultant to several major companies providing development management services Director – Responsible Entity since 29 July 2008
Justin J Smart Executive Director and Company Secretary BCom, CPA	51	Member of the Compliance Committee and the Audit & Risk Committee  Mr Smart is a director of several private companies and has over 20 years experience in the financial services industry  Director – Responsible Entity since 1 January 2023  Company Secretary - Responsible Entity since 11 July 2013

#### **Directors (continued)**

Henry F Elgood Executive Director	27	Member of the Compliance Committee and the Audit & Risk Committee
MAICD		Mr Elgood is a non-executive director of several private companies
		Director – Responsible Entity from 1 January 2023

Clinton B Arentz Executive Director MBA, SIA (Aff) 60 Chairman of the Workout Committee

Head of Lending & Property

Mr Arentz is a former director of Winston Development Services, and has over 25 years experience in property development, asset management, project delivery, construction lending and property

Director - Responsible Entity from 1 January 2023

#### **Principal activities**

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia. The principal activity of the Scheme during the financial year was a direct property investment in a multi-tenanted, modern suburban commercial precinct located at 38 Southgate Avenue, Cannon Hill, Brisbane QLD. The Scheme did not have any employees during the year.

#### Review of operations and results

#### Financial overview

The loss attributable to unitholders for the year totalled \$427,255 (2022: \$5,210). During the year, the Scheme generated net rental income, however, this was offset by rental incentives provided and additional expenditure incurred in relation to securing a lease for the new tenant, Mindray Medical International Ltd. Income was also offset by non-cash expenses including depreciation expense of \$756,736 (2022: \$755,545).

The total carrying value of the Scheme's assets as at 30 June 2023 was \$20,481,552 (2022: \$21,894,048), comprised primarily of the investment property acquired.

#### Sale of Investment Property

In July 2022, the asset was placed on the market for sale. After consideration of all bids, it was the decision of the Responsible Entity to remove the property from the market due to lower than expected offers. It is the intention of the Responsible Entity to re-list the property at a time of improved market conditions.

#### Revaluation of Investment Property

On 18 October 2022, a valuation was executed by Savills Valuations Pty Ltd where the property was valued at \$22,750,000. This resulted in an uplift of \$1,150,000 from the previous valuation in November 2020 of \$21,600,000.

#### Leasing

In November 2022, a new lease was executed with Mindray Medical International Limited for the remainder of the vacant space within the building. Fitout works for this space were completed in May 2023 with the lease commencing in June 2023. The building is fully leased as at 30 June 2023.

#### Review of operations and results (continued)

#### Distributions to unitholders

The return to unitholders of the Scheme for the period was as follows (refer Note 4):

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Distributions paid during the year	423,729	423,681
Distributions payable at year end	38,470	38,517
	462,199	462,198
Cents per ordinary unit (CPU) (i)	3.14	3.14

(i) From 8 September 2017 (being the property settlement date) to September 2020, distributions have been paid to retail investors at a rate of 7.25 CPU p.a., being the rate set out in the PDS. Between October 2020 and April 2021 inclusive, distributions have been paid to retail investors at a rate of 5.00 CPU p.a. From May 2021, distributions have been paid to retail investors at 3.00 CPU p.a.

#### Indirect cost ratio (ICR)

The ICR for the Scheme for the period ended 30 June 2023 is 2.12% p.a. (2022: 1.66% p.a.).

#### Units on issue

During the period no units were issued, and no units were redeemed from the Scheme. The Scheme had 14,700,000 units on issue as at 30 June 2023 (2022: 14,700,000 units).

#### Interests of the Responsible Entity

The following transactions occurred between the Scheme and the Responsible Entity and its associates during the period (refer Note 14(b)(i)).

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Expenses		
Management and administration costs	4,977	4,652
Compliance fees	443	296
Professional fees	5,486	5,146
Registry fees	26,420	23,200
Responsible Entity management fees (i)	83,513	83,927
	120,839	117,221

<sup>(</sup>i) Responsible Entity management fees were accrued but not paid.

#### Units held by the Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity (including its associates) does not hold any units in the Scheme as at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the period.

#### Net asset value per unit (unaudited non-IFRS disclosure)

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Net assets	8,904,268	9,793,722
Adjustments for:		
Fair value increase (i)	314,485	2,742,464
Accumulated depreciation (ii)	4,405,543	1,195,824
Stamp duty, property title and legals (iii)	(1,394,099)	-
Amortised estimated selling costs	(407,500)	(370,000)
Straight-line (asset)/liability adjustments (iii)	(94,429)	(90,048)
Adjusted net assets	11,728,268	13,271,962
	\$	\$
Net asset value per unit (NAV) (iii)	0.80	0.90

- (i) When an external valuation is commissioned, it is the Scheme's policy to adopt the current market valuation for NAV purposes resulting in a recorded fair value increase of the property as an asset.
- (ii) As the property was revalued in the prior year ending June 2021 to an amount higher than the previous valuation, accumulated depreciation must be added back to the net assets.
- (iii) Effective from 30 June 2020, it is the policy of the Responsible Entity to, in the first 5 years from the date of acquisition to exclude accumulated depreciation, derivative financial instruments and straight-line rental adjustments from the calculation of NAV.

#### Events subsequent to the end of the reporting period

#### Loan facility extension

In August 2023, Suncorp-Metway Limited (Suncorp) issued a letter of offer to the Scheme to extend the current loan facility under the same terms for a further 14 months. The new facility expiry date is 15 October 2024.

Apart from the above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial period and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, to affect significantly the operations of the Scheme, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Scheme, in future financial years.

#### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Scheme will continue to pursue its principal activities in the next financial year in order to achieve the target return for unitholders. The Responsible Entity, as permitted under the Constitution, has elected to extend the term for a further two years from the existing date of 8 September 2022.

#### **Environmental regulation**

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory. There have been no known significant breaches of any other environmental requirements applicable to the Scheme.

#### **Options**

No options were:

- (i) Granted over unissued units in the Scheme during or since the end of the period; or
- (ii) Granted to the Responsible Entity.

No unissued units in the Scheme were under option as at the date on which this report is made.

No units were issued in the Scheme during or since the end of the period as a result of the exercise of an option over unissued units in the Scheme.

#### Indemnification of officers

Indemnification

Under the Scheme constitution the Responsible Entity is required to indemnify all current and former officers of the Responsible Entity (but not including auditors) out of the property of the Responsible Entity against:

- (a) any liability for costs and expenses which may be incurred by that person in defending civil or criminal proceedings in which judgement is given in that person's favour, or in which the person is acquitted, or in the connection with an application in relation to any such proceedings in which the court grants relief to the person under the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (b) a liability incurred by the person, as an officer of the Responsible Entity or of a related body corporate, to another person (other than the Responsible Entity or a related body corporate) unless the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

#### Insurance premiums

During the period, the Responsible Entity paid an insurance premium in respect of a contract insuring each of the officers of the Responsible Entity. The amount of the premium is, under the terms of the insurance contract, confidential. The liabilities insured include costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Responsible Entity or related body corporates. This insurance premium does not cover auditors. The Scheme has not indemnified any auditor of the Scheme.

#### Proceedings on behalf of the Responsible Entity

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Responsible Entity in relation to the Scheme, or intervene in any proceedings to which the Responsible Entity in relation to the Scheme is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Responsible Entity for all or any part of those proceedings. The Responsible Entity was not a party to any such proceedings during the period.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity.

Philip A Ryan Managing Director

21 September 2023

Brisbane

Justin J Smart Executive Director

21 September 2023

Brisbane



Tel: +61 7 3237 5999 Fax: +61 7 3221 9227 www.bdo.com.au Level 10, 12 Creek Street Brisbane QLD 4000 GPO Box 457 Brisbane QLD 4001 Australia

## DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY T J KENDALL TO THE DIRECTORS OF TRILOGY FUNDS MANAGEMENT LIMITED AS RESPONSIBLE ENTITY OF CANNON HILL OFFICE TRUST

As lead auditor of Cannon Hill Office Trust for the year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

T J Kendall Director

**BDO Audit Pty Ltd** 

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Brisbane, 21 September 2023

## Cannon Hill Office Trust Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue and other income Rental income Recoverable outgoings Net change in fair value of derivative financial instruments Interest revenue from financial institutions	11	1,193,097 309,105 28,553 25 1,530,780	1,243,388 230,227 272,132 7 1,745,754
Expenses Audit and compliance fees Custodian fees Direct property expenses and outgoings Depreciation Management and administration costs Professional fees Registry fees Responsible Entity management fees Taxation fees	16 14 14	(32,962) (16,774) (391,034) (756,736) (8,067) (46,899) (26,420) (83,513) (5,304)	(29,780) (14,927) (316,565) (755,545) (8,260) (21,442) (23,200) (83,927) (5,146)
Profit for the period before finance and impairment costs		(1,367,709) 163,071	(1,258,792)
<ul><li>Finance costs:</li><li>Interest expense</li><li>Amortisation of borrowing costs</li></ul>		(581,212) (9,114) (590,326)	(487,961) (4,211) (492,172)
Loss for the period attributable to unitholders		(427,255)	(5,210)
Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to unitholders		(427,255)	(5,210)
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## Cannon Hill Office Trust Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Investment property Total current assets	6 7 8	194,380 142,197 - 336,577	1,099,407 112,300 20,682,341 21,894,048
Non-current assets Trade and other receivables Investment property Total non-current assets	7 8	21,189 20,123,786 20,144,975	- - -
Total assets		20,481,552	21,894,048
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Distributions payable Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Total current liabilities	9 4 10 11	441,597 38,470 11,097,217 - 11,577,284	934,052 38,517 11,099,204 28,553 12,100,326
Total liabilities		11,577,284	12,100,326
Net assets		8,904,268	9,793,722
Equity Contributed equity Accumulated losses Total equity	12	14,700,000 (5,795,732) 8,904,268	14,700,000 (4,906,278) 9,793,722

## Cannon Hill Office Trust Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Contributed equity \$	Accumulated losses	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021		14,700,000	(4,438,870)	10,261,130
Comprehensive income: Profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		<u> </u>	(5,210)	(5,210)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(5,210)	(5,210)
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners Distributions paid/payable  Balance at 30 June 2022	s: 4	14,700,000	(462,198) (4,906,278)	(462,198) 9,793,722
Balance at 1 July 2022		14,700,000	(4,906,278)	9,793,722
Comprehensive income: Profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive income for the period			(427,255) -	(427,255) <u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(427,255)	(427,255)
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners Distributions paid/payable	5 <i>:</i> 4	-	(462,199)	(462,199)
Balance at 30 June 2023		14,700,000	(5,795,732)	8,904,268

## Cannon Hill Office Trust Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		841,651	1,591,978
Payments to suppliers		(485,336)	(399,976)
Interest received		<b>2</b> 5	7
Finance costs		(581,212)	(487,961)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	13	(224,872)	704,048
Cash flows from investing activities Capital expenditure - property and equipment Net cash used in investing activities	8	(206,809) (206,809)	(38,381) (38,381)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		-	650,000
Borrowing costs paid		(11,100)	-
Distributions paid to unitholders		(462,246)	(462, 186)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities		(473,346)	187,814
		(227.22)	050 404
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(905,027)	853,481
Cash at beginning of the reporting period		1,099,407	245,926
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial period	6 .	194,380	1,099,407

#### Note 1 Reporting entity

The Cannon Hill Office Trust (Scheme) is a registered managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001 (Act). The financial statements of the Scheme are for the year ended 30 June 2023. The Scheme is a for-profit entity.

As stipulated under the Scheme's Constitution, the life of the Scheme is 5 years from the anniversary of the purchase date of the Scheme's investment property (however, the life of the Scheme can be extended beyond 5 years in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution). The termination date for this Scheme is 8 September 2022. Trilogy Funds Management Limited (Responsible Entity), as permitted under the Constitution, has elected to extend the term for a further two years to 8 September 2024.

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the financial statements were prepared on a wind-up basis as the property was being held for sale. However, after consideration of all bids, it was the decision of the Responsible Entity to remove the property from the market and the Scheme is to continue to operate as normal. Therefore, the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Working capital position

The statement of financial position indicates that the Scheme has a working capital deficit (current assets less current liabilities) of \$11,240,708 due to the classification of the finance facility with Suncorp-Metway Limited (Suncorp) as a current liability. The loan at the reporting date is classified as current due to the maturity date of 8 September 2023. The loan was extended on 15 August 2023 for a further 14 months (refer to Note 18). Given the extension to the Scheme's finance facility, the Responsible Entity believes it is appropriate for the financial report to be prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Note 2 Basis of preparation

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards including Australian Accounting Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Act. The financial statements of the Scheme comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity on 21 September 2023.

#### (b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Scheme's functional currency.

#### (c) Key assumptions and sources of estimation

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised are disclosed in:

- · Note 8: Investment property
- · Note 11: Derivative financial instruments
- Note 15: Financial risk management

There are no new relevant Accounting Standards mandatory for future reporting periods which need to be considered for early adoption.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

#### Note 3 Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Rental revenue

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. When the Scheme provides lease incentives to tenants, the cost of the incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis, as a reduction of property rental revenue.

#### (b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Interest income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs or other differences between the initial carrying amount of an interest-bearing instrument and its amount at maturity calculated on an effective interest rate basis.

#### (c) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

#### (d) Taxation

Under current legislation the Scheme is not subject to income tax as its taxable income including assessable realised capital gains is distributed in full to the unitholders. The Scheme fully distributes its distributable income, calculated in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and applicable taxation legislation, to the unitholders who are presently entitled to the income under the Constitution.

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Scheme is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Scheme to be offset against any future realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceeds realised capital losses the excess is distributed to the unitholders.

#### (e) Unit prices

The unit price is based on unit price accounting outlined in the Scheme's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement (PDS).

#### (f) Distributions to unitholders

Distributions to unitholders on units issued are recognised in the statement of changes in equity as distributions paid/payable. Distributions unpaid at the end of the financial year are recognised in the statement of financial position as a financial liability. Distributions paid to unitholders are included in cash flows from financing activities in the statement of cash flows.

### (g) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Scheme. Redemptions from the Scheme are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

The application and redemption prices are determined as the net asset value of the Scheme per the Constitution adjusted for the estimated transaction costs, divided by the number of units on issue on the date of the application or redemption.

#### (h) Terms and conditions of units on issue

Each unit confers upon the unitholder an equal interest in the Scheme and is of equal value. A unit does not confer an interest in any particular asset or investment of the Scheme. Unitholders have various rights under the Constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, including the right to:

- have their units redeemed;
- receive income and capital distributions;
- attend and vote at meetings of unitholders; and
- participate in the termination and winding up of the Scheme.

#### Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (h) Terms and conditions of units on issue (continued)

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Scheme's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Scheme, and it is not a contract settled in the Scheme's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss

As the units in the Scheme meet the above criteria, the units are classified as equity in accordance with AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation.* 

Unitholders' funds are classified as equity. The Responsible Entity has elected to adopt the Attribution Managed Investment Trust (AMIT) tax regime since 1 July 2017.

#### (i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income that has not been distributed to unitholders has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either the current or a previous period and attributed to unitholders.

#### (j) Investment property

Investment property is carried at historical cost and includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the property.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Scheme and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Impairments based on recoverable amounts are taken to profit and loss. Reversals of previous impairments also go via profit and loss to the extent of the previous impairment only.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on the building component of investment property is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost or revalued amounts, net of the residual value, over an estimated useful life of 25 years.

The asset's residual value and useful life is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### (k) Interest bearing loans and liabilities

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities that are yield related are included as part of the carrying amount of the loans and borrowings.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Scheme has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

#### Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (I) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (m) Operating leases

The minimum rental revenue of operating leases with fixed rental increases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risk and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are recognised on a straight line basis.

#### (n) Lease incentives

Incentives such as cash, rent free periods, lessor owned fit outs may be provided to lessees to enter into an operating lease. These incentives are capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease as a reduction of rental revenue.

#### (o) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are recorded at amortised cost less impairment and may include amounts for distributions and interest. Distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

#### (p) Goods and services tax

Payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

Rental income, management fees, custody fees and other expenses are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) as a reduced input tax credit (RITC).

#### (q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Scheme during the reporting period, which remains unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

#### (r) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

There are no new relevant Accounting Standards mandatory for future reporting periods which have needed to be considered for early adoption.

#### (s) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Responsible Entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include considering external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset to its carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Responsible Entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### (t) Derivative financial liabilities

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at balance date. Derivatives are carried as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative.

#### (u) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current year.

#### Note 4 Distributions to unitholders

Distributions paid and payable by the Scheme for the period are:

	2023		2022	2
	\$	Cents/unit	\$	Cents/unit
Distributions paid during the year	423,729	2.88	423,681	2.88
Distributions payable at year end	38,470	0.26	38,517	0.26
	462,199	3.14	462,198	3.14

#### Note 5 Auditor's remuneration

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Scheme, BDO Audit Pty I td:

Audit and other assurance services	2023 \$	2022 \$
Audit and review of the financial statements	26,500	24,750
Audit of the compliance plan     Total remuneration for audit and other services	5,000 31,500	4,000 28,750
Note 6 Cash and cash equivalents	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash at bank	194,380	1,099,407
Note 7 Trade and other receivables		
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current Trade receivables Rent receivable Straight line rental asset	16,477 52,480 73,240	11,595 10,657 90,048
otraight into rontal assoc	142,197	112,300
Non-current	04.400	
Straight line rental asset	21,189 21,189	

#### (a) Impairment of receivables

The Scheme assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables the Scheme applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition to the receivables. Management has determined that the assessment of expected credit loss associated with trade receivables is immaterial.

#### Note 8 Investment property

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Investment property	24,843,814	24,645,633
Impairment adjustment	(314,485)	(314,485)
Accumulated depreciation	(4,405,543)	(3,648,807)
	20,123,786	20,682,341

#### Note 8 Investment property (continued)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
At cost		
Balance at beginning of period	20,682,341	20,939,487
Capital expenditure - property and equipment	206,809	38,381
Depreciation expense	(756,736)	(755,545)
Capitalised lease incentives	-	500,000
Capitalised lease costs	75,710	19,020
Amortisation of capitalised lease costs	(95,891)	(59,002)
Legal costs on sale (i)	11,553	<u> </u>
Balance at end of period	20,123,786	20,682,341

The investment is located at 38 Southgate Avenue, Cannon Hill, Brisbane Queensland and is a multi-tenanted, modern commercial precinct. The building was acquired on 8 September 2017.

#### (i) Sale of investment property

In July 2022, the asset was placed on the market for sale. After consideration of all bids, it was the decision of the Responsible Entity to remove the property from the market due to lower than expected offers. It is the intention of the Responsible Entity to re-list the property at a time of improved market conditions.

#### Impairment of investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the Responsible Entity assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment undertaken considered multiple impairment triggers including date of last valuation, changes to the rental market since this valuation, prevaling market conditions and capitalisation rates adopted in comparable properties.

The Scheme's assets are pledged as security to Suncorp under a registered first mortgage. Included in the balance of investment property are assets over which a first mortgage has been granted as security over bank loans. The terms of the first mortgage preclude the asset being sold or being used as security for further mortgages without the permission of the first mortgage holder. The mortgage also requires that the building that forms part of the security is to be insured at all times.

The investment property is leased to three tenants under operating leases with rent payable monthly.

Minimum lease payments receivable on lease of the investment property are as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	1,261,245	1,216,929
Later than one year and not later than five years	3,936,293	4,142,418
Greater than five years	1,102,574	1,828,757
	6,300,112	7,188,104

#### Note 9 Trade and other payables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade payables	8,540	15,801
Accrued Responsible Entity management fees	247,915	163,988
Accrued lease incentives (i)	-	500,000
Accrued lease costs	-	19,020
Rental credit payable (i)	-	127,630
Other accrued expenses	114,702	80,450
Accrued leasing fee (ii)	54,014	-
GST payable	16,426	27,163
	441,597	934,052

- (i) Represents rental incentives provided for the renewal of the Compass Group's (Australia) Pty Ltd (Compass Group) lease.
- (ii) Represents the leasing fee payable to the Responsible Entity for the execution of the Compass Group lease.

#### Note 10 Borrowings

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Secured loans		
Commercial bill facility	11,097,217	11,099,204

The details of borrowings as at the reporting date are set out below:

The details of borrowings as at the reporting	g date are set out below.		202	:3
Facility	Secured	Maturity Date	Facility limit \$	Drawn balance \$
Loan facility (i) Loan facility (ii) Unamortised transaction costs (iii)	Yes Yes	30-Sep-23 30-Sep-23	10,450,000 650,000	10,450,000 650,000 (2,783)
Total borrowings			11,100,000	11,097,217
			202	2
			Facility limit	Drawn balance
Facility	Secured	Maturity Date	\$	\$
Loan facility (i) Loan facility (ii) Unamortised transaction costs (iii)	Yes Yes	08-Sep-22 08-Sep-22	10,450,000 650,000	10,450,000 650,000 (796)
Total borrowings			11,100,000	11,099,204

#### Note 10 Borrowings (continued)

- (i) The Responsible Entity entered into a new commercial bill facility with Suncorp on 8 September 2022 following the expiration of the previous agreement. The new facility has a one year term and comprises two interest components, being a variable 30 day BBSY rate and a funding margin fee of 2.24% p.a (all payable monthly in arrears). As per the original commercial bill facility, the Scheme entered into an interest rate swap derivative, which expired on 8 September 2022 and was not renewed.
- (ii) The second loan facility is fully drawn and is made up of the same components as the first loan facility, being a variable 30 day BBSY rate and a funding margin fee of 2.24% p.a. (all payable monthly in arrears).

As the Scheme's finance facility has a variable interest rate its carrying value is a reasonable estimate of its fair value.

Refer Note 8 for details of security for this facility.

(iii) Deferred borrowing costs comprise all costs in relation to the establishment, arrangement and documentation of the debt facility. Such costs have been offset against the balance of the debt facility and are being amortised over the term of the facility.

#### Compliance with loan covenants

The Scheme has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facility during the period.

#### Note 11 Derivative financial instruments

As discussed in Note 10, the Responsible Entity manages the cash flow interest rate risk of the Scheme by using a floating-to-fixed interest rate derivative. On 8 September 2017, the Scheme entered into an interest rate swap derivative with a face value of \$10,450,000, fixed interest rate of 2.36% p.a. and an expiry date of 8 September 2022. Upon expiration, the swap facility was not renewed.

#### Recognised fair value measurements

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Derivative liability		
Interest rate swap - level 2	-	28,553

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair value of the interest rate swap derivative liability. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Scheme has classified its interest rate swap into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2023				
Interest rate swap	-	-	-	-
2022				
Interest rate swap	-	28,553	-	28,553
Net decrease in swap derivative liability		(28,553)		(28,553)

#### Note 11 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

#### Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 or 3 during the period.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level in the fair value measurement hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: the instrument has quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

**Level 2:** a valuation technique is used using inputs other than quoted prices within level 1 that are observable for the financial instrument, either directly (i.e. as prices), or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: a valuation technique is used using inputs that are not observable based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine level 2 fair values

The fair value of derivatives not traded in an active market (interest rate swaps) is determined using valuation techniques which use only observable market data. The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable market data by the Scheme's financier.

#### Note 12 Contributed equity

Note 12 Contributed equity	2023		2022	
	Units	\$	Units	\$
Balance at beginning of period	14,700,000	14,700,000	14,700,000	14,700,000
Ordinary units issued	-	-	-	-
Ordinary units redeemed	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Balance at end of period	14,700,000	14,700,000	14,700,000	14,700,000
Note 13 Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities				
			2023 \$	2022 \$
Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to unitholders			(427,255)	(5,210)
Adjustments for:				
Amortised borrowing costs			9.114	4,211
Amortised lease costs			95,891	59,002
Depreciation			756,736	755,545
Net change in fair value of derivative financial instruments			(28,553)	(272, 132)
Legal costs on sale			(11,553)	-
Capitalised lease incentives			(94,731)	(500,000)
Capitalised lease costs			19,020	(19,020)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables			(51,086)	28,945
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables			(492,455)	652,707
Net cash provided by operating activities		_	(224,872)	704,048
		_		

#### Note 14 Related party transactions

#### Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Cannon Hill Office Trust is Trilogy Funds Management Limited ABN 59 080 383 679.

#### (a) Key management personnel

#### Responsible Entity

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Scheme. The Executive Directors of the Responsible Entity are key personnel of that entity and their names are John C Barry, Philip A Ryan, Justin J Smart, Clinton B Arentz and Henry F Elgood. The Responsible Entity also has three Non-Executive Directors being Robert M Willcocks, Rodger I Bacon and Rohan C Butcher.

The Responsible Entity is entitled to a management fee which is calculated as a proportion of total gross assets of the Scheme.

No compensation is paid to the Directors of the Responsible Entity or to the key personnel of the Responsible Entity by the Scheme.

#### (b) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

#### i. Transactions recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	2023	2022
Expenses	\$	\$
Management and administration fees (i)	4,977	4,652
Compliance fees (i)	443	296
Professional fees (i)	5,486	5,146
Registry fees (ii)	26,420	23,200
Responsible Entity management fees (iii)	83,513	83,927
	120,839	117,221
ii. Balances recorded in the statement of financial position		
·	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade and other payables (i)(ii)(iii)	250,046	166,083

<sup>(</sup>i) Reimbursement of costs incurred by the Responsible Entity and SPFM No. 2 Unit Trust (Investment Manager)

<sup>(</sup>ii) A company associated with the Responsible Entity provides registry services to the Responsible Entity, who in turn provides these services to the Scheme for which it levies a fee.

<sup>(</sup>iii) The Responsible Entity is entitled to a management fee of 0.50% p.a. (plus GST) of the gross asset value of the Scheme. The Responsible Entity management fee has been deferred for the foreseeable future. Responsible Entity management fees were accrued but not paid.

#### Note 14 Related party transactions (continued)

#### (c) Related party investments held by the Scheme

The Scheme has no investment in the Responsible Entity or its associates.

#### Units held by the Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity does not hold any interest in the Scheme as at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

#### Units held by Director related entities

The following entities associated with Directors of the Responsible Entity hold units in the Scheme:

Entity	Unitholding \$	Interest held %	Units issued No.	Units redeemed No.	Distribution paid and/or payable \$
2023					
Aimwin Pty Ltd Superannuation Fund	10,000	0.0007	10,000	-	300
Bacon Executive Superannuation Fund	10,000	0.0007	10,000	-	300
_	20,000	0.0014	20,000	-	600
2022					
Aimwin Pty Ltd Superannuation Fund	10,000	0.0007	10,000	-	300
Bacon Executive Superannuation Fund	10,000	0.0007	10,000	-	300
	20,000	0.0014	20,000	-	600

#### (d) Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Scheme has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

#### (e) Other transactions within the Scheme

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no Director has entered into a material contract with the Scheme from inception to the end of the period and there were no material contracts involving Directors' interests subsisting at financial year end.

#### Note 15 Financial risk management

#### Overview

The Scheme's assets principally consist of investment property. It holds these investment assets at the discretion of the Responsible Entity in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and PDS.

#### Specific financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the Scheme is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk relating to interest rate risk.

With the ongoing complications of the COVID-19 pandemic, additional resources and time have been allocated to monitoring any adverse potential impacts. Regular discussion with property managers, tenants and loan providers are undertaken accordingly.

#### Note 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### Specific financial risk exposures and management (continued)

The nature and extent of the financial instruments employed by the Scheme are discussed below. This note presents information about the Scheme's exposure to each of the above risks, the Scheme's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Scheme's risk management framework.

The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Scheme's risk management policies. The Responsible Entity's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Scheme, including those risks managed by the Responsible Entity, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Scheme's activities.

The Responsible Entity's Compliance Committee and its Audit & Risk Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Scheme's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Scheme.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Scheme and cause a loss. The Responsible Entity manages the exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

The carrying amount of the Scheme's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Scheme's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	Note	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	194,380	1,099,407
Trade and other receivables (i)	7	68,957	22,252
Total financial assets	-	263.337	1.121.659

#### (i) Straight line rental asset is excluded

This risk is minimised by regularly reviewing the Scheme's trade and other receivables. As at 30 June 2023, there are no material trade receivables (Note 7), with tenants continuing to pay rent in a timely manner.

#### Note 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Scheme might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Responsible Entity manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- · monitoring undrawn credit facilities;
- · maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- · managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- · only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The Scheme's balance sheet and forecast cash flow are reviewed in detail at a minimum on a monthly basis to monitor any potential risk relating to liquidity.

The timing of cash flows presented in the table below to settle financial liabilities reflect the earliest contractual settlement dates and do not reflect management's expectations that banking facilities will be rolled forward.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities.

	Carrying amount \$	Contract cash flows	< 1 month \$	1-3 months	3-12 months \$	> 12 months \$	Weighted average interest rate p.a.
2023							
Financial liabilities							
Distributions payable	38,470	38,470	38,470	-	-	-	3.00%
Trade and other payables	441,597	441,597	193,682	-	247,915	-	-
Commercial bill facility	11,100,000	11,962,513	74,605	11,293,459	414,550	179,899	5.43%
	11,580,067	12,442,580	306,757	11,293,459	662,465	179,899	
	Carrying amount	Contract cash flows	< 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	> 12 months	Weighted average interest rate p.a.
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities							
Distributions payable	38,517	38,517	38,517	-	-	-	3.00%
Trade and other payables	934,052	934,052	770,064	-	163,988	-	-
Commercial bill facility	11,100,000	11,438,906	22,840	67,044	178,294	11,170,728	2.36%
Derivative financial instruments	28,553	28,553	9,518	19,035			2.36%
	12,101,122	12,440,028	840,939	86,079	342,282	11,170,728	

#### Note 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (c) Capital management

The Scheme's capital management strategy seeks to maximise unitholder value through optimising the level and use of capital resources and the mix of debt funding.

The Scheme's capital management objectives aim to:

- ensure that the Scheme complies with capital and distribution requirements of its Constitution and PDS;
- ensure sufficient capital resources to support the Scheme's operational requirements;
- · continue to support the Scheme's credit worthiness; and
- safeguard the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern.

In a stable economic environment the Scheme is generally able to alter its capital mix by:

- · adjusting the amount of distributions paid to members; and
- · selling assets to reduce borrowings.

The Scheme protects its equity in property assets by taking out insurance cover with credit worthy insurers.

The Scheme monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted assets. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted assets are calculated as total assets less cash and cash equivalents. The gearing ratio as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 were as follows:

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Total borrowings	10	11,100,000	11,100,000
Less: cash and cash equivalents	6	(194,380)	(1,099,407)
Net debt		10,905,620	10,000,593
Total assets Less: cash and cash equivalents	6	20,481,552 (194,380)	21,894,048 (1,099,407)
Adjusted assets	C .	20,287,172	20,794,641
Gearing ratio		54%	48%

The Scheme's gearing ratio is considered medium to high.

## (d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Scheme's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk embodies the potential for both loss and gains. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

#### Note 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Market risk (continued)

#### i. Interest rate risk

The Scheme is exposed to interest rate risk on the commercial bill facility, which is currently subject to variable interest rates. The Scheme has historically managed its interest rate risk by utilising an interest rate swap derivative, however upon expiry on 8 September 2022, the derivative was not renewed. Any fair value movements in the Scheme's interest rate swap derivative as a result of underlying interest rate changes and other market factors are non-cash movements that do not impact the operations of the Scheme.

#### ii. Other market risk

The Scheme is not exposed to other material market risk on its financial assets and liabilities.

#### Note 16 Custodian of the Scheme

The Scheme's custodian is The Trust Company Limited. The custodian holds title to the assets of the Scheme in its name on behalf of the Scheme. The total value of assets held by the custodian at cost as at 30 June 2023 totals \$20,481,552 (30 June 2022: \$21,894,048).

The custodian is entitled to a minimum annual administration fee of \$16,820 (plus GST) (2022: \$16,005). During the period, the Scheme paid \$16,774 in custodian fees (2022: \$14,927).

The relationship between the custodian and Responsible Entity is set out in the Custodial Agreement.

#### Note 17 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

#### Note 18 Events subsequent to reporting date

#### Loan facility extension

In August 2023, Suncorp-Metway Limited (Suncorp) issued a letter of offer to the Scheme to extend the current loan facility under the same terms for a further 14 months. The new facility expiry date is 15 October 2024.

Apart from the above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial period and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, to affect significantly the operations of the Scheme, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Scheme, in future financial years.

## Cannon Hill Office Trust Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Trilogy Funds Management Limited (Responsible Entity), the Responsible Entity of Cannon Hill Office Trust (Scheme):

- (a) The financials statements and notes, as set out on pages 7 to 25 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2; and
- (c) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity.

Philip A Ryan

**Managing Director** 

21 September 2023

Brisbane

Justin J Smart

**Executive Director** 

21 September 2023

Brisbane



Tel: +61 7 3237 5999 Fax: +61 7 3221 9227 www.bdo.com.au Level 10, 12 Creek Street Brisbane QLD 4000 GPO Box 457 Brisbane QLD 4001 Australia

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Cannon Hill Office Trust

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Cannon Hill Office Trust (the Registered Scheme), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration of Trilogy Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity of Cannon Hill Office Trust.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Cannon Hill Office Trust, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Trilogy Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity of Cannon Hill Office Trust, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The directors of Trilogy Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity of Cannon Hill Office Trust are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Registered Scheme's Annual Report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of Trilogy Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity of Cannon Hill Office Trust are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Registered Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**BDO Audit Pty Ltd** 

-in Gordall

BDO

T J Kendall Director

Brisbane, 21 September 2023



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#### **QUEENSLAND**

Registered office: Level 26, 10 Eagle Street Brisbane QLD 4000 GPO Box 1648 Brisbane QLD 4001

#### **NEW SOUTH WALES**

Level 12, 56 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000

#### **VICTORIA**

Level 2, Riverside Quay Southbank Blvd Melbourne VIC 3006 T 1800 230 099
(free call within
Australia)
+61 7 3039 2828
+800 5510 1230
(free call within
New Zealand)

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