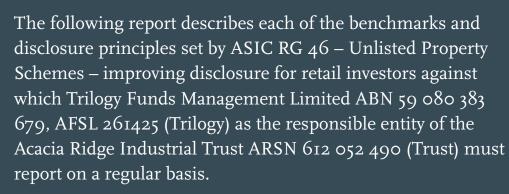
TRILOGY



BENCHMARKS AND DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLES REPORT FOR ASIC REGULATORY GUIDE 46







PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL FINANCIAL DATA IS CURRENT AS OF 30 APRIL 2020 (UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE). THE TABLE REFERS TO EACH BENCHMARK AND EXPLAINS HOW AND TO WHAT EXTENT TRILOGY SATISFIES IT, AS WELL AS ITS DISCLOSURES AGAINST THE DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLES. THIS REPORT MUST BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE INFORMATION IN THE PRODUCT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE TRUST DATED 23 MAY 2016 (PDS).

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE PROPERTY AT 67 BELLRICK STREET, ACACIA RIDGE WAS SOLD ON 30 MARCH 2020. THE FIRST RETURN OF CAPITAL PAYMENT WAS COMPLETED ON 29 APRIL 2020, WITH THE FINAL RETURN OF CAPITAL PAYMENT MADE ON 26 JUNE 2020.

IMPORTANT NOTE

In preparing the information contained in this Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles Report, Trilogy has not considered your particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You should consider the PDS and consider obtaining advice as to whether investing in the Trust is appropriate for you considering your particular objectives, situation and needs before making a decision. Investment in the Trust is subject to investment risk as noted in the PDS. Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance.



Benchmarks

The table below sets out:

- the benchmark; and
- how and to what extent Trilogy complies with the benchmark and if not, why not.

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER	BENCHMARK 1: GEARING POLICY	TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK
46.31	The responsible entity maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of gearing at an individual credit facility level	Trilogy has and complies with such a Gearing Policy. Its policy is that the level of gearing must not exceed 0.6.
	BENCHMARK 2: INTEREST COVER POLICY	TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK
46.36	The responsible entity maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of interest cover at an individual credit facility level.	Trilogy has and complies with such an Interest Cover Policy. The key points in this policy are that Trilog 1. Maintain an interest cover ratio of not less than 1.1 times unadjusted EBITDA in accordance with the RG 46.71 formula; and
		 Maintain an Interest Cover ratio of not less than 2.5 times adjusted EBITDA in accordance with the finance facility.
		The Trust's finance facility requires EBITDA to be adjusted by all other fair value movements recorded by the Trust when calculating the interest cover ratio.
	BENCHMARK 3: INTEREST CAPITALISATION	TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK
46.41	The interest expense of the scheme is not capitalised.	The interest expense of the Trust is not capitalised.
	BENCHMARK 4: VALUATION POLICY	TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK
46.45	 The responsible entity maintains and complies with a written valuation policy that requires: a. a valuer to: be registered or licensed in the relevant state, territory or overseas jurisdiction in which the property is located (where a registration or licensing regime exists), or otherwise be a member of an appropriate professional body in that jurisdiction; and ii. be independent; procedures to be followed for dealing with any conflicts of interest; rotation and diversity of valuers; valuations to be obtained in accordance with a set timetable; and for each property, an independent valuation to be obtained: Before the property is purchased: For development property, on an 'as is' and 'as if complete' basis; and For all other property, on an 'as is' basis; and Within two months after the directors form a view that there is a likelihood that 	 Trilogy maintains and complies with a written valuation policy that requires: a. a valuer be a member of an appropriate professional body in the relevant state or territory in which the property is located, or otherwise be a member of an appropriate professional body in that jurisdiction and be independent; b. procedures to be followed for dealing with any conflicts of interest; c. rotation and diversity of valuers; d. valuations to be obtained in accordance with a set timetable; and e. for each property, an independent valuation be obtained before the property is purchased on an "as is" or "as if complete" basis, as applicable and within two months after the directors form a view that there is a likelihood that there has been a material change in the value of the property.

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER

BENCHMARK 5: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

46.53

The responsible entity maintains and complies with a written policy on related party transactions, including the assessment and approval processes for such transactions and arrangements to manage conflicts of interest.

TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK

Trilogy maintains and complies with its written policy on related party transactions. The key points are as follows:

- Any transaction involving a related party shall be on terms and conditions no more favourable
 to the related party than those which it is reasonably expected would be the case if the benefit
 directly or indirectly was paid to a third party dealing at arm's-length in the same circumstances
 and on commercial terms.
- Before any related party transaction is entered into, the Board will satisfy itself that the fees to be
 paid to the related party are approximately equivalent to what would be paid to a third party at
 arm's-length for the same goods or services.
- The Board will also satisfy itself, and obtain legal advice if there is any doubt, that all the relevant factors in determining whether the proposed related party transaction falls within the 'arm's length' exception in the Corporations Act have been taken into account.
- The Board and the Compliance Committee for the Trust monitor Trilogy's compliance with its related party transactions policy and procedures. Please contact Investor Relations for further information.

BENCHMARK 6: DISTRIBUTION PRACTICES

46.57

The scheme will only pay distributions from its cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distributions.

TRILOGY MEETS THE BENCHMARK

The Trust only pays distributions from its cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distributions.



Disclosure Principles

The table below sets out:

- the disclosure principle; and
- the relevant disclosures of Trilogy.

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER	DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 1: GEARING RATIO	TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE	
46.62	Disclose the gearing ratio for the scheme calculated using the following formula:	The Trust disposed of the asset on 30 March 2020. As such, no interest bearing liabilities exist at	
	Gearing ratio = total interest bearing liabilities / total assets	30 April 2020.	
	The liabilities and assets used to calculate the gearing ratio are based on the scheme's latest board-reviewed management financial statements which in this case is 30 April 2019.		
46.65	What does the ratio mean in practical terms and how can investors use the ratio to determine the scheme's level of risk.	The gearing ratio is also known as the 'Debt Asset Ratio'. The ratio measures the extent to which the acquisition of assets has been financed by creditors. If the ratio is less than 0.5, then the majority of a scheme's assets are financed using investor's equity. If the ratio is greater than 0.5, the majority of a scheme's assets are financed using debt. It gives an indication of the potential risks a scheme faces in terms of its level of debt.	
	DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 2: INTEREST COVER RATIO	TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE	
46.71	Disclose the scheme's interest cover calculated using the following formula which is based on the latest board-reviewed management financial statements which in this case is 30 April 2019:	The Trust disposed of the asset on 30 March 2020. As such, no interest bearing liabilities exist 30 April 2020.	
	$Interest\ cover = EBITDA^* - unrealised\ gains + unrealised\ Losses\ /\ interest\ expense$		
	*EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation)		

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER

46.74

What does interest cover mean and how can investors use the interest cover ratio to assess the scheme's ability to meet its interest payments?

Due to a change in interpretation of accounting standards, distributions are no longer included in the calculation of earnings. Earnings are reflected in the EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA.

The interest cover ratio is a measurement of the number of times a scheme could make its interest payments with its earnings before interest and taxes.

A high interest cover ratio means that a scheme is easily able to meet its interest obligations from profits. Similarly, a low value for the interest cover ratio means that a scheme is potentially in danger of not being able to meet its interest obligations.

DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 3: SCHEME BORROWING

46.78 Disclose:

- a. for each debt that will mature in 5 years or less the aggregate amount owing and the maturity profile in increments of 12 months;
- b. for debts that mature in more than 5 years the total amount owing;
- c. the amount (expressed as a percentage) by which either the operating cash flow or
 the value of the asset used as security for the facility must fall before the scheme
 will breach any covenants in the credit facility;
- d. for each credit facility -
- i. the aggregate undrawn amount;
- ii. the assets to which the facility relates;
- iii. the loan-to-valuation (LVR) and interest cover covenants under the terms of the facility;
- iv. the interest rate of the facility; and
- v. whether the facility is hedged;
- e. details of any terms within the facility that may be invoked as a result of scheme members exercising their rights under the constitution of the scheme; and
- f. the fact that amounts owing to lenders and other creditors of the scheme rank before an investor's interests in the scheme.

TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE

a. Due to the sale of the property on 30 March 2020, there is no finance facility as at 30 April 2020.

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER		
46.79	Where debt and credit facilities are to mature within 12 months, disclose the prospects of refinancing or other possible alternative actions (e.g. sales of assets or further fundraising).	Refer to 46.78
46.80	Explain any risks associated with the debt maturity profile, including whether borrowings have been hedged and if so, to what extent.	Refer to 46.78
46.81	Disclose information about breaches of loan covenants that is reasonably required by investors. Update any information about the status of any breaches.	There are no breaches of the Trust's loan covenants.
	DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 4: PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION	TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE
46.87	Disclose the current composition of the scheme's investment portfolio, including: a. properties by geographic location by number and value; b. non-development properties by sector (e.g. development projects, industrial,	Due to the sale of the property on 30 March 2020, there is no investment portfolio held by the Trust as at 30 April 2020.

- commercial, retail, residential and development projects) by number and value;
- c. for each significant property, the most recent valuation, the date of the valuation, whether the valuation was performed by an independent valuer and, where applicable, the capitalisation rate adopted in the valuation;
- d. the portfolio lease expiry profile in yearly periods calculated on the basis of lettable area or income and where applicable, the weighted average lease expiry;
- e. the occupancy rate(s) of the property portfolio;
- f. for the top 5 tenants that each constitutes 5% or more by income across the investment portfolio, the name of the tenant and percentage of lettable area or
- g. a clear description of any significant non-direct property assets of the scheme, including the value of such assets.

RG PARAGRAPH NUMBER

46.88

Disclose the scheme's investment strategy on the above matters, including its strategy on investing in other unlisted property schemes, whether the scheme's current assets conform to the investment strategy and an explanation of any significant variance from this strategy.

46.89

In relation to any property development, disclose:

- a. the project timetable with significant milestones;
- b. a description of the status of the development against the key milestones identified:
- c. funding arrangements;
- d. pre-sale and lease pre-commitments where applicable;
- e. whether the loan-to-valuation ratio for the asset under development exceeds 70% of the 'as is' valuation of the asset; and
- f. the risks associated with the property development activities being undertaken.

There are no development commitments at this time.

DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 5: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE

46.98

Disclose the following on any related party transaction:

- a. the value of the financial benefit;
- b. the nature of the relationship (how the parties are related for the purposes of the Corporations Act 2001);
- c. whether the arrangement is on 'arm's length' terms;
- d. whether scheme member approval has been sought and, if so, when;
- e. the risks associated with the related party arrangement; and
- f. whether the responsible entity is in compliance with its policies and procedures for entering into related party transactions for the particular related party arrangement, and how this is monitored.

- a. Fees and costs were paid to related parties of Trilogy in accordance with the arrangements with them. The total amounts of fees and costs paid, in accordance with arrangements, during the period ended 30 April 2020 were \$73,555.
- b. As set out in Section 10.1 (g) of the PDS, Trilogy has engaged the services of related parties.
- c. The arrangements Trilogy has with its related parties are on arm's length terms.
- d. Not applicable. These arrangements are on arm's length terms and were entered into before the issue of units and as such no member approval is required.
- e. Related party transactions and conflicts of interest risk are addressed by Trilogy in accordance with its Conflicts of Interest Policy.
- f. Trilogy complies with its policies and procedures as to related party transactions and conflicts of interest. The Board and the Compliance Committee monitor this compliance in accordance with the relevant policy.

RG PARAGRAPH DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 6: DISTRIBUTION PRACTICES

46.102

Where a scheme has made or forecasts to make distributions to members, disclose:

- a. the sources of the distributions (e.g. from cash from operations available for distribution, capital, unrealised revaluation gains);
- b. the source of any forecast distributions;
- c. whether the current distribution or forecast distributions are sustainable over the next 12 months;
- d. if the current or forecast distribution is not solely sourced from cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distribution, the sources of funding and the reason for making the distribution from these other sources;
- e. if the current or forecast distribution is sourced other than from cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distribution, whether this is sustainable over the next 12 months; and
- f. the impact of, and any risks associated with, the payment of distribution from the scheme from sources other than cash from operations (excluding borrowings) available for distribution.

TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE

a. Trilogy finalised its return of capital to Investors on 26 June 2020.

DISCLOSURE PRINCIPLE 7: WITHDRAWAL RIGHTS

46.104

Are investors given the right to withdraw from the scheme? If yes, answer the following questions:

- a. whether the constitution of the scheme allows investors to withdraw from the scheme, with a description of the circumstances in which investors can withdraw;
- b. the maximum withdrawal period allowed under the constitution for the scheme (this disclosure should be at least as prominent as any shorter withdrawal period promoted to investors);
- c. any significant risk factors or limitations that may impact on the ability of investors to withdraw from the scheme (including risk factors that may impact on the ability of the responsible entity to meet a promoted withdrawal period);
- d. a clear explanation of how investors can exercise their withdrawal rights, including any conditions on exercise (e.g. specified withdrawal periods and scheme liquidity requirements); and
- e. if withdrawals from the Scheme are to be funded from an external liquidity facility, the material terms of this facility including any rights the provider has to suspend or cancel the facility.

TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE

There are no withdrawal rights in this Trust.

RG PARAGR NUMBER	aph disclosure principle 8: net tangible assets	TRILOGY'S DISCLOSURE		
46.108	The Responsible Entity of a closed-end scheme should clearly disclose the value of the net tangible assets (NTA) of the scheme on a per unit basis in pre-tax dollars.	Net tangible assets per unit is calculated as follows: Net assets Adjusted for: + Accumulated depreciation + Derivative financial instruments Adjusted NTA ÷ No. of units	ws: \$947,262	
	NTA = Net assets – intangible assets +/- any other adjustments / Number of units in the scheme on issue		\$0	
	The NTA calculation should be based on the scheme's latest board-reviewed management financial statements which in this case is 30 April 2020.		\$0 \$947,262 11,280,000	
		NTA per unit (i)	\$0.08	
46.110	The responsible entity should disclose the methodology for calculating the NTA and details of the adjustments used in the calculation, including the reasons for the adjustments.	The Trust disposed of the asset on 30 March 2020. Please note that the calculation above has been made using the independent valuation dated 10 September 2018 as this reflects the current market value of the property.		
46.111	The responsible entity should also explain to investors what the NTA calculation means in practical terms and how investors can use the NTA calculation to determine the scheme's level of risk.	It is important to note that the NTA represents an estimate of the per unit value at a particular point in time. The NTA includes estimates of certain costs which may vary.		

Date of Issue – 30 June 2020